# Crash Causes, Distraction and Mitigation In Young Drivers

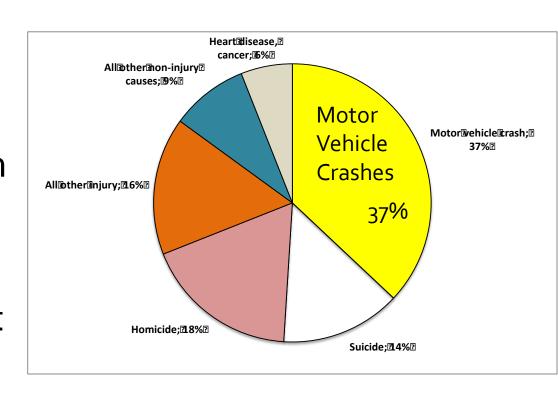
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### Young driver crashes



- Driving is the single most dangerous thing we let our children do
- Leading cause of death ages 15-19
  - (CDC-WISQARS 2005-2009)
- Crash rates dependent on exposure



#### Crash causes



- 1. Poor judgment & decision-making exacerbated by young age and inexperience
- 2. Sensitivity to peer influence & risk taking
  - The more teen passengers, the more risk and device interaction; encouraging and discouraging behavior
  - Risk taking causes vary; can be intentional or naïve; reduce safety margins
- 3. Disconnect between driving abilities and task demands
  - Difficulties in speed maintenance and hazard perception
  - Good at the technology part, but not on task sharing



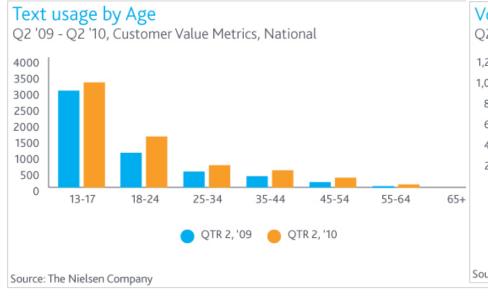


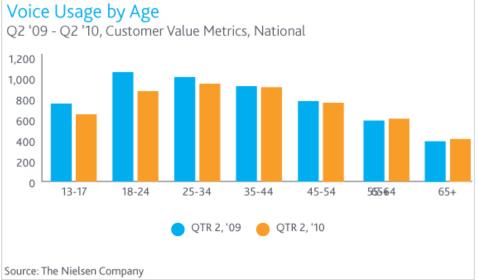


#### Messaging vs. voice



- Visual-manual communication among young driver age group increasing rapidly and voice communication down
- Nielsen sampled 65,000 phone records
- Teen females sent and received an average of 3,952 texts/month; Males sent and received an average of 2,815 texts/month
- Voice use declined most among the teen group and young adults





### Mobile data usage by age



#### Monthly Data Usage by Age (MB)

Q3, 2010 vs. Q3, 2011



- Data heavy downloads from mobile internet, social networking, email, app downloads/use account for this usage
- Males heavier usage with 382 vs. 266 MB/month for females

## Mitigation— promising outcomes



- Graduated driver licensing systems
  - Provides a protective environment where they can learn through experience
    - Without passengers
    - No late-night driving
    - More supervised driving
- Driver feedback technologies
- Driver agreements—Checkpoints
- Risk awareness and perception training (RAPT)







